

Gukov

hep-th/0512298

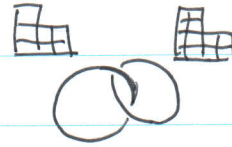
arXiv/07051368

triple-graded invariants

$$\mathcal{H}_{i,j,k}^{X, R_1, \dots, R_k}(L)$$

\uparrow
 $X = A, B, C, D$

$l = \#$ of components of L



easily computable

triple graded theory

$$\mathcal{H}_{i,j,k}^{\text{Kauffman}}$$

sets

$$\chi(\mathcal{H}_{i,j,k}^{\text{Kauffman}}) = \text{Kauffman}(a, b, c)$$

$$\dim(\mathcal{H}_{i,j,k}^{\text{Kauffman}}) < \infty$$

* differentials

d_N

$N > 0$

$$\deg(d_N) = (-1, N-1, -1)$$

$a \quad b \quad c$

$$(\mathcal{H}_*^{\text{Kauffman}}, d_N) \cong \text{HSO}_N(\mathbb{K})$$

differentials \leftrightarrow deformations of $W(x, y)$

$$W = x^{N'-1} + xy^2$$

$$\delta W = x^N$$

$N' > N$

... SO_N

* differentials

d_N

$N < 0$

$$\deg(d_N) = (-1, N-1, N-1)$$

$$(\mathcal{H}_*^{\text{Kauffman}}, d_N) \cong \text{HSp}_N(\mathbb{K})$$

... mirror image

* "canselling" differentials d_0, d_1, d_2

$$\deg d_0 = (-1, -1, -2)$$

$$d_1 = (-2, 0, -3)$$

$$d_2 = (-1, 1, -1)$$

$$(\mathcal{H}^{\text{Kauff}}, d_i) \quad i=0,1,2 \\ \cong \text{"trivial"}$$

* "universal" differentials d_{\rightleftharpoons}

correspond $\partial W = y^2$

$$\text{SO}(N) \rightarrow \text{SL}(N-2)$$

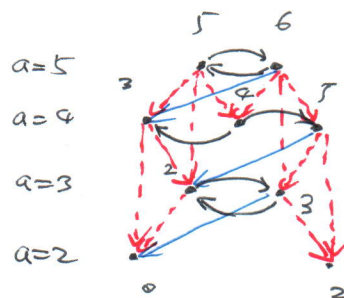
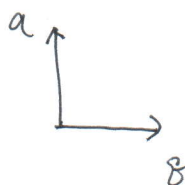
$$\begin{cases} \deg d_{\leftarrow} = (0, 2, -1) \\ d_{\rightarrow} = (0, 2, 1) \end{cases}$$

\uparrow
a-grading
iso

$$(\mathcal{H}_*^{\text{Kauffmann}}, d_{\rightleftharpoons}) \\ \cong \mathcal{H}_*^{\text{HOMFLY}}$$

Ex,

$$\dim \mathcal{H}^{\text{Kauff}}(3,1) \\ \parallel \\ 9$$



--- = canselling
diff.

↙ = d_2

↔ = d_{\rightleftharpoons}

Gauge theory and categorification

3D TQFT is a functor :

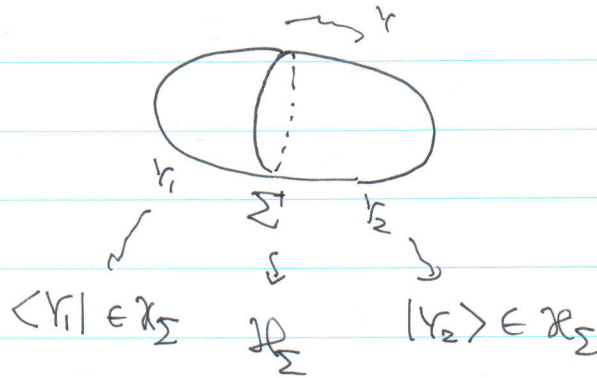
$$3\text{-mfd } Y \longmapsto \text{number } Z(Y)$$

$$\text{surface } \Sigma \longmapsto \text{vector space } \mathcal{H}_\Sigma$$

Heegard decomposition

$$Y = Y_1 \cup_\Sigma Y_2$$

$$Z(Y) = \langle Y_1 | Y_2 \rangle \text{ in } \mathcal{H}_\Sigma$$



4D gauge theory

$$\text{gauge theory on } X \rightsquigarrow \text{number } Z(X) = \chi(\mathcal{M}(X))$$

$$\text{gauge theory on } \mathbb{R} \times Y \rightsquigarrow \text{vector space } \mathcal{H}_Y = H^*(\mathcal{M}(Y))$$

time

moduli sp.
translation inv. under \mathbb{R}

$$\text{gauge theory on } \mathbb{R}^2 \times \Sigma \rightsquigarrow \text{category } \mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma) = \mathcal{F}(\Sigma)$$

Use $\mathcal{M}(\Sigma)$

4 3 2 1

instanton monopole vortex trans. inv. under \mathbb{R}^2

egu.

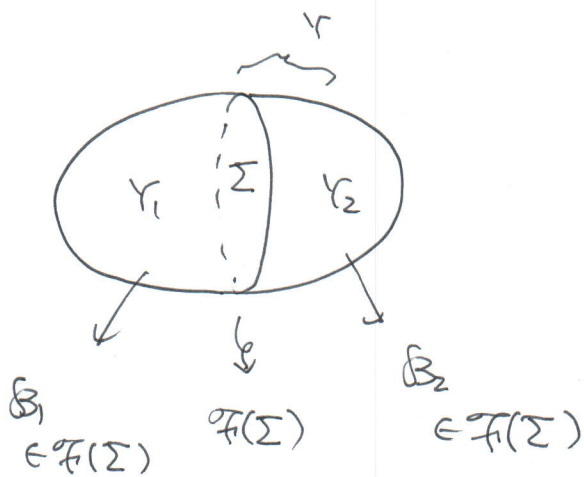
To get $\mathcal{F}(\Sigma)$

use topological twist :

$$A \dots F_{\text{tw}}(\mathcal{M}(\Sigma))$$

$$B \dots D^b(\mathcal{M}(\Sigma))$$

boundary condition



B_1, B_2 bary states

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{H}_Y$: open strings between them

$$\mathcal{H}_Y = \begin{cases} HF_*^{\text{symp}}(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{L}_1, \mathcal{L}_2) \\ \text{Ext}^\bullet(B_1, B_2) \end{cases}$$

EX, Donaldson-Witten theory

$\mathcal{H}_Y =$ instanton Floer homology $HF_*^{\text{inst}}(Y)$

$\mathcal{M}(\Sigma) =$ moduli space of flat G -bundle $\mathcal{M}_{\text{flat}}^G(\Sigma)$

$$HF_*^{\text{inst}}(Y) \cong HF_*^{\text{symp}}(\mathcal{M}_{\text{flat}}^G(\Sigma), \mathcal{L}_1, \mathcal{L}_2)$$

(Atiyah-Floer conjecture)

B-model is.

surface operators

operators in 4D gauge theory

supported on 2-dim surface $D \subset X$

- closed surface $D \subset X \rightsquigarrow Z(D, X)$ cf. Kronheimer-Mrowka
- $X = \mathbb{R} \times Y$
 $D = \mathbb{R} \times \underbrace{K}_{\text{Knot}} \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{H}_{Y, K}$ Embedded surface ...

- $X = \mathbb{R}^2 \times \Sigma$
 $D = \mathbb{R}^2 \times \text{pt} \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma, p, \text{parameters})$

Physics

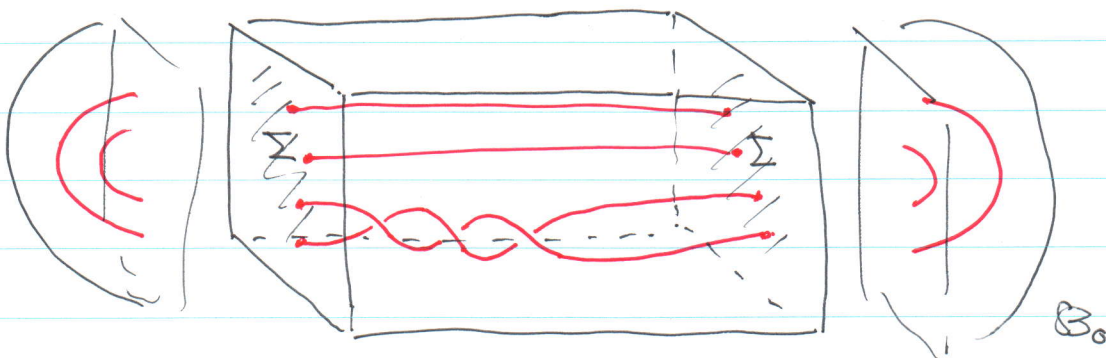
- Wilson line
- t'Hooft line

Note : the mapping classgroup of Σ acts on $\mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma)$

e.g. if $\Sigma = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{p_1, \dots, p_n\}$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Braid group} = \pi_1(\text{Conf}^n(\mathbb{C})) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma)$$

braid group $\beta \mapsto \Phi_\beta$



$$\Phi_\beta : \mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma) \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}_1(\Sigma)$$

$$\mathcal{H}_K = \begin{cases} HF_*^{\text{symp}}(M, \mathcal{B}_0, \Phi_\beta(\mathcal{B}_0)) & \text{A-model} \\ \text{Ext}^*(\mathcal{B}_0, \Phi_\beta(\mathcal{B}_0)) \end{cases}$$

$N=4$ YM

....

affine Hecke categorification

(ramified Higgs bundle moduli sp.)